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**BICOL UNIVERSITY STUDENTS' KNOWLEDGE, VIEWS
ATTITUDES AND BEHAVIORAL TENDENCIES
RELATIVE TO ADOLESCENT SEXUALITY**

A Thesis

Presented To

**THE FACULTY OF THE GRADUATE SCHOOL
BICOL UNIVERSITY
Legazpi City**

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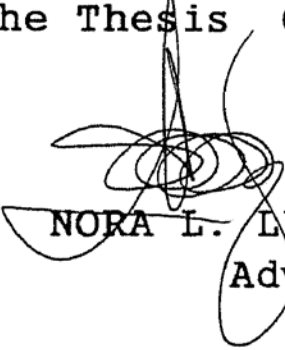
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**ARTEMIO MOLINA BUITRE JR. B.S.N. R.N.
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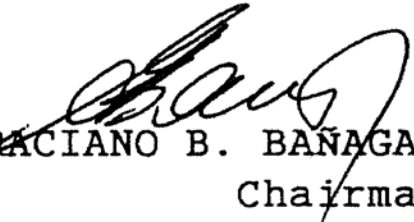
The thesis hereto attached entitled, "THE BICOL UNIVERSITY STUDENTS' KNOWLEDGE, VIEWS AND BEHAVIORAL TENDENCIES RELATIVE TO ADOLESCENT SEXUALITY", prepared and submitted by ARTEMIO M. BUITRE JR., in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree MASTER IN NURSING is hereby submitted to the Thesis Committee for consideration.




NORA L. LICUP, Ph. D.
Adviser

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In partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree Master in Nursing this thesis entitled "THE BICOL UNIVERSITY STUDENTS' KNOWLEDGE, VIEWS AND BEHAVIORAL TENDENCIES RELATIVE TO ADOLESCENT SEXUALITY", prepared and submitted by ARTEMIO M. BUITRE, Jr. is hereby recommended for Oral Examination.



GRACIANO B. BAÑAGA, Jr. Ph.D.
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Member



GINA M. LIM, Ed.D.
Member

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Republic of the Philippines
Bicol University
GRADUATE SCHOOL
Legazpi City

Results of the Oral Examination

of ARTEMIO M. BUITRE, JR.

Candidate for the Degree of

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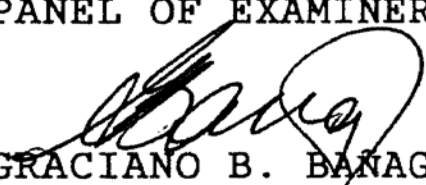
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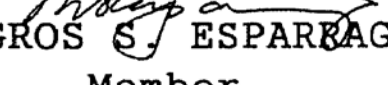
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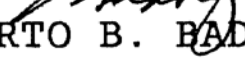
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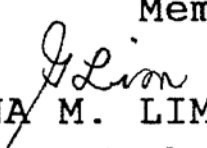
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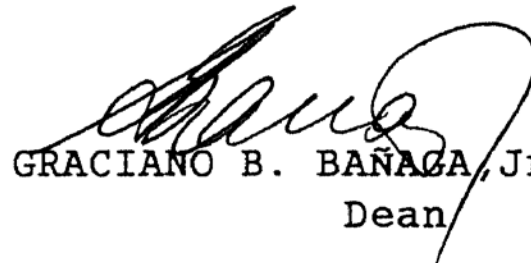
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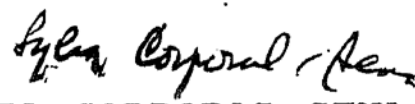
Upon recommendation of the Oral Examination Committee this thesis entitled " THE BICOL UNIVERSITY STUDENTS' KNOWLEDGE, VIEWS AND BEHAVIORAL TENDENCIES RELATIVE TO ADOLESCENT SEXUALITY", prepared and submitted by ARTEMIO M. BUITRE, JR., is hereby approved in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree Master in Nursing.

Recommending Approval:


GRACIANO B. BANAGA, Jr. Ph. D.
Dean


NELIA SALALIMA-CIOCSON, Ed.D.
Vice President for Academic Affairs

Date


LYLIA CORPORAL-SENA, Ph. D.
President

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To my beloved Wife
OPHEL
and
our Kids, Cyrus Michael
and Hoffne Lisa

ABSTRACT

TITLE : BICOL UNIVERSITY STUDENTS' KNOWLEDGE,
VIEWS AND BEHAVIORAL TENDENCIES RELA-
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SUMMARY

This study on Bicol University Students involved 383 male and female samples from the different Colleges or units with ages ranging from 16-23. Anchored on the facts that much of todays adolescents are getting sexually active while contaminated with a considerable degree of sexual misconceptions, The researcher sought to answer the following questions:

1. What is the profile of the Bicol University adolescent students in terms of:
 - a. Socio-demographic variables:
 1. Age
 2. Sex
 3. College/Unit
 4. Religious affiliation
 5. Frequency of church attendance
 6. Membership in Organizations
 - b. Parents views relative to adolescent sexuality
 - c. Sources of information about sexuality and related issues.
2.
 - a. What is the students' level of understanding of the biological and health aspects of sexuality?
 - b. What are their misconceptions about sexuality?
3.
 - a. What are their views on adolescent sexuality and sex education?
 - b. How modern and conservative are their views?
4. What are their behavioral tendencies towards certain sex-related situations?
5. Are there significant relationship between age, sex and parents' views towards the students (a)

level of understanding, (b) views and (c) behavioral predispositions relative to adolescent sexuality?

Descriptive correlational type of research employing crossectional design was the method used with the Questionnaire/checklist as the main instrument in the gathering of the data. Chi Square test was used to test the existence of the relationships between variables like Level of understanding of the biological and health aspects of sexuality, the views on adolescent sexuality and sex education and the behavioral tendencies towards certain sex-related situations, to age, sex and parents' views.

Findings

The findings derived from the study were the following:

1. Majority of the respondents belong to 18-19 year old age category, followed by 16-17 age category, then the 20-21 age category while 22-23 age category were the minority.
2. Majority of the respondents are female.
3. Majority of the respondents come from BUCAS followed by BUCENG, BUCE, BUCAF, BUTC-CABASAN,

BUCIT, BUC , BU-ICCS and BUCSI is in the minority.

4. Majority of the BU Students are Roman Catholics.
5. Majority attend church weekly, followed orderly by twice a week attendance, twice a month, more than twice a week, seldom and lastly, those who attend monthly.
6. Majority of the BU students organize with their BARKADA, followed by school organizations followed respectively by the Sangguniang Kabataan organization, Church organizations, Civic organizations, peer organizations, Fraternity, Sorority and lastly, those who associate with gangs.
7. Majority of parents' views towards adolescent sexuality were conservative.
8. Majority of BU Students source of sexual information and sex-related issues come from teachers.
9. BU Students have medium level of understanding of the Biological and Health aspects of sexuality.
10. Half of the level of understanding of the BU students about the Biological and Health aspects

of sexuality are misconceptions.

11. BU students have moderate views on adolescent sexuality & sex education.
12. BU students views on sexuality are neither modern or conservative.
13. BU students have moderate behavioral tendencies towards certain sex-related situations.
14. There is no significant relationship between the BU students level of understanding of the biological and health aspects of sexuality to age.
15. There is no significant relationship between the BU students views on adolescent sexuality and sex education to age.
16. There is no significant relationship between the BU students' behavioral tendencies to certain sex-related situations to age.
17. There is no significant relationship between the BU students level of understanding of the biological and health aspects of sexuality to sex.
18. There is a significant relationship between the BU students views towards adolescent sexuality and sex education to sex.

19. There is a significant relationship between the BU students Behavioral predisposition to certain sex-related situations to sex.
20. There is no significant relationship between the BU students level of understanding of biological and health aspects of sexuality and to parents' views on adolescent sexuality.
21. There is no significant relationship between the BU students' views on adolescent sexuality and sex-education and parents views on adolescent sexuality.
22. There is no significant relationship between the BU students' behavioral tendencies to certain sex-related situation and the parents' views on adolescent sexuality.

Conclusion

Based on the findings, the following conclusions were made:

1. Majority of the respondents belong to age category 18-19 yrs of age.

2. Majority of the respondents were female.
3. Majority of the respondents came from BUCAS.
4. Majority of the respondents are Roman Catholics.
5. Majority of the respondents attends church activities weekly.
6. Majority of the BU respondents organize with their Barkadas.
7. Majority of the Parents of the Bicol University respondents have conservative views on adolescent sexuality.
8. Teachers were the highest source of information on sex.
9. Bicol University respondents have MEDIUM level of understanding of biological and health aspects of sexuality.
10. Bicol University respondents have MODERATE amount of misconception on sexuality.
11. Bicol University respondents have MODERATE views on adolescent sexuality and sex education.
12. Bicol University respondents have MODERATE behavioral tendencies towards certain sex related situations.
13. There is no significant relationship existing between the BU respondents level of understanding of the

biological and health aspects of sexuality and their age.

14. There is no relationship between the BU respondents views towards adolescent sexuality and age.
15. There is no relationship between the BU respondents behavioral tendencies towards certain sex related situations and age.
16. There is no relationship between the BU respondents level of understanding of the biological and health aspects of sexuality and sex.
17. There is significant relationship between the BU respondents' views respondents towards adolescent sexuality and sex education and sex.
18. There is significant relationship between the BU respondents behavioral tendencies towards certain sex related situation and sex.
19. There is no significant relationship between the BU respondents level of understanding of the biological and health aspect of sexuality and parents' views on adolescent sexuality.
20. There is no significant relationship between the BU respondents views on adolescent sexuality and sex

education to parents views on adolescent sexuality.

21. There is no significant relationship between the BU respondents behavioral tendencies towards certain sex related situations and parents' views on adolescent sexuality.

It is therefore recommended that an evaluation of the curriculum on human sexuality in the colleges/units of the University be conducted. The retraining of teachers and professor who are involved in the teaching of human sexuality both in high school and college is likewise recommended, to uplift and update their modules, techniques and course outlines resulting to a better and more competent and much informative sex educator. Information campaign by the mass media on modern scientific literature which focuses on the biological facts of human reproduction which can be disseminated not only to students but to parents as well. Lastly, further studies along this line be made.

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